#### **Generic Ideas**

#### Commenting

- Selection of feelings / opinions available to comment on activities / during the good-morning session
- Say what the weather is like during the good-morning session
- Generic overlay e.g. 'l' + 'finish' to indicate they have finished their work, 'l' + 'want' + 'help' to indicate that they need help.

#### Greeting

• 'Good-morning' and peers photos on switch

#### Requesting

 Pages set up (similar to a Communication Book – core vocabulary to the left, choices to the right) – create 'I' + 'want' + 'choice' e.g. when playing Pop-Up Pirate, snack time, choose time etc.

#### **Giving Instructions**

Actions recorded for Simon Says

#### Telling a Joke

- Telling a joke e.g. sequencing a 'knock knock' joke
- Playing funny sound effects

#### **Retelling Events**

- Creating a short sentence to give a message to different classes
- Creating a short sentence to take home e.g. to say what has been done during the day.

#### What is a Supertalker?

A Supertalker is a device with eight buttons. There are also eight different levels which can be recorded on and corresponding overlays can be created to match.

A Supertalker also has eight switch sockets and two toy/appliance sockets.

## **Supertalker**



#### **Social Activities**

#### **Dinner Times**

• Choose what to have for dinner and comment e.g. 'yummy' / 'yukky'

#### Shopping

- Ordering food in a café e.g. 'l' + 'want' + 'burger'
- Shopping list

#### Games

- Colours / body parts recorded for Twister instructions
- Choosing who goes next (photos / names on switch)

#### Participate in Concert

To say something in a concert or play



#### **Curriculum Ideas**

#### English

- A student can retell / sequence events e.g. familiar story
- A student can join in with storytelling e.g. using repetitive phrases
- To describe pictures / a character using concepts e.g. 'big', 'small', 'colours' etc.

#### Maths

- Simple number games (number overlay placed on switch) e.g. adding up, what comes next...
- Give instructions using numbers e.g. '2' + 'skittles'
- Comments on game e.g. '3' + 'spaces' when playing a board game

#### Music

- Play short extracts of music
- Comment on music played e.g. 'l' + 'like'
- Choose e.g. musical instrument e.g.
  'I' + 'want' + 'drum'
- Give instructions e.g. 'play' + 'faster'

#### **Social Activities**

• Generic overly to gain someone's attention, indicate 'my turn!', agree/disagree with someone, indicate 'more'/'finish' etc.

#### Programming a Supertalker:

To record onto the device:

- 1. Select the appropriate grid size (a switch located on the back of the device that can be moved to indicate 1, 2, 4 or 8 buttons).
- 2. Choose the level you want to record onto by moving the dial on the control panel.
- 3. To record, switch the power on (located at the back of the device). A red/yellow light will flash. Press and hold the record button until the red light appears and then release. Press and hold the required cell whilst speaking to record the message. A red light should flash. Release the cell once your message has been recorded.
- 4. Repeat for each cell.
- 5. Once you have finished recording for each cell press the record button again.

### Holding down the record button until the red light goes out will erase ALL recordings.

#### Who can help?

- Speech and Language Therapist can support with suitability / consideration of other devices if necessary
- Occupational Therapist can support with accessibility and positioning of the switch

#### Why Use a Supertalker?

- Simple to programme and easy to use
- Versatile and can be pre-programmed
- Non-verbal students can be included in all activities
- Promotes independence
- Begin to create simple sentence structures
- Can use same format as Communication Books



#### Who can use a Supertalker?

• It will depend upon how many cells the Supertalker has been set up for. All students can access a single cell with support.

#### More than two cells

- Student must be able to discriminate between the objects/photos/symbols
- The student needs to have an understanding of what is on the switch
- The student needs to be able to activate the switch (isolate each button) effectively

#### **Additional Users**

- Students who may be verbal but are too shy to communicate in a group situation
- Students who may be verbal but are too shy to communicate with an unfamiliar adult
- Adults working with the switch should model it's use e.g. when requesting / commenting, adult also uses the switch to communicate



# FORELAND FIELDS

#### Supertalker Golden Rules

- Labelling: Always use an overlay with objects / photos or symbols or tactile cues to support the student to understand what they are communicating.
- Accessibility: Ensure that the switch is accessible to the student using it. Think about which hand / body part they will use to activate it and where it should be positioned.
- Consistency: Switches should be used consistently throughout the day, Students relying on these as a form of communication, should have access to them regularly throughout the week. Responses to the student pressing the switch should be consistent as with other forms of communication.
- Generalisation: Students should be given opportunities to use the switches throughout the day to generalise skills e.g. requesting could be used throughout the day to request a snack, equipment, a choose activity etc. This should support the student to generalise the meaning of what has been recorded onto the switch and how to use it.
- Model: Model using the switch with the child e.g. you may model the sentence and then play with the toy, then the child can have a turn.
- HAVE FUN!